



Procedure Summary

Objectives

Run this procedure if a transmitted TC is not confirmed onboard. The procedure will handle all stages of TC onboard acceptance:

- 1) RX (RF and Bit Lock)
- 2) Decoder (FARM-B Counter and FAR)
- 3) PM acceptance (Software TCs)
- 4) CPDU acceptance (if failed TC was a HP TC)

Summary of Constraints

Start this procedure only if a TC was released by the MCS, accepted and successfully radiated by the ground station. This procedure does not cover

- Ground Segment problems to transmit a $\ensuremath{\mathsf{TC}}$
- PTV and database problems
- AD specific (configuration) problems

Spacecraft Configuration

Start of Procedure

Transmitted TC is not confirmed on board

End of Procedure

Transmitted TC is confirmed on board

Reference File(s)

Input Command Sequences

Output Command Sequences

GRDs

HRYNOTC

Referenced Displays

ANDs

SLDS MIMIC: Overview

Configuration Control Information

DATE	FOP ISSUE	VERSION	MODIFICATION DESCRIPTION	AUTHOR	SPR REF
11/02/2009	2.1	1	Created	F. Keck	
25/03/2009	2.2	1.01	Validation : Added optional procedure call to handle RX-1 problem	F. Keck	
31/03/2009		2	Adding more comments and annex for FAR interpretation	F. Keck	
			Adding Crome Register dump for CPDU analysis		
03/04/2009	2.3	3	Adding comment with TTR FDIR events	F. Keck	
22/09/2009	2.5	4	Increased re-sweep range. Different lock ranges of RX-1 and RX-2.	F. Keck	
12/11/2010	3.1	5	Clarification about sweep ranges	F. Keck	











Step TC/TLM Display/ Branch No. Time Activity/Remarks Beginning of Procedure TC Seq. Name :HRYNOTC () TimeTag Type: N Sub Schedule ID: Next Step: 1 Check CLCW: False 2 True 12 RF and Bit Lock? Check on the Overview MIMIC the CLCW status of the RF and Bit Lock. Next Step: 2 Ask ECC to re-sweep TC 3 (wide range) Use the wide sweep range (+/- 30kHz). Infos: - Normal sweep range is only +/- 20kHz - Normal and wide sweep range lock only on RX-1 (RX-1 and RX-2 have different lock ranges) Next Step: 3 Check CLCW: True 12 RF and Bit Lock? False 4 Check on the Overview MIMIC the CLCW status of the RF and Bit Lock. Next Step: 4 Ask ECC to re-sweep TC 5 (full range) Use the full sweep range (+/- 100kHz). Info: The full sweep range should lock on both RX. Next Step: 5 Check CLCW: False 10 True 6 RF Lock? Check on the Overview MIMIC the CLCW status of the RF Lock. Next Step: 6 Check CLCW. False 7 True 12 Bit Lock? Check on the Overview MIMIC the CLCW status of the Bit Lock.

No TC Recovery

Author: F. Keck

File: H_CRP_SYS_NOTC.xls





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Step No.	Time	Activity/Remarks	TC/TLM	Display/ Branch
7		Different TC rate on other RX ?		Next Step: False 10 True 8
		At this stage none of both RX is in Bit Lock.		
		If RX-2 is configured for another bitrate (default), the ground station cannot get a Bit Lock via RX-2 yet.		
				Novt Stop:
8		Ask ECC to change TC rate		9
		If RX-2 is configured for another bitrate (default is low TC rate), the ground station could try to get a Bit Lock via RX-2 by configuring to the other bitrate.		
				Next Sten:
9		Check CLCW: Bit Lock?		False 10 True 11
		Check on the Overview MIMIC the CLCW status of the Bit Lock.		<u></u>
		Info: This time RX-2 should show the Bit Lock.		
10		External Analysis: RF and Bit Lock		Next Step: 29
		Е. a.		
		Ground Station problem.		
		RX-1 broken, but RX-2 connected to antenna, which does not allow a lock (e.g. not Earth poiting).		
		RFDN got stuck and FDIR failed: E.g. ground station could try with max. uplink power to get a lock by brute RF force.		
		In a worst case: Wait for the 60h LOS FDIR, which reconfigures the XPND and RFDN chains.		
				Next Step:
11		Possible problem with RX-1		12
		No lock was achieved via RX-1, but via RX-2. This could indicate a problem with RX-1. An antenna/RFDN (connected to XPND-1) problem is unlikely if TM is transmitted via TX-1.		





Step No.	Time	Activity/Remarks	TC/TLM	Display/ Branch
		Comment: Should the Connection Test in the next step be successful and the assumed RX-1 problem be confirmed, the following procedure could be run to switchover the XPND chain. The switchover is not required to continue this procedure and should be considered after the current TC chain is confirmed to work properly.		
		Execute Procedure: H_CRP_TTC_FDIR Trigger TTC FDIR Level 1 Recovery		
				Next Step:
12		Connection Test (BD)		13
		Send Connection Test TC in BD and check if FARM-B counter increases by 1.	<u> </u>	
		Execute Telecommand ConnectionTest	DC810180	
		TC Control Flags : GBM IL DSE		
		Subsch. ID : 10 Det. descr. : Perform Connection Test		
13		Check CLCW and FAR: FARM-B counter increased by 1 ?		Next Step: False 14 True 19
		Check BD Counter increasing (on MIMIC:Overview).		
		Check FAR as well (on Decoder AND:ZAZ2C999). See annex for failure interpretation.		
		NOTE: If in low TM rate, wait long enough to allow the TM to update.		
14		Select VC-1 (Decoder B)		Next Step: 15
		TC SPACON: Select VC-1 for commanding.		
				Narat Ot .
15		Connection Test (BD)		Next Step: 16
		Send Connection Test TC in BD and check if FARM-B counter increases by 1.		



Step



No.	Time	Activity/Remarks	TC/TLM	Display/ Branch
		Execute Telecommand	DC810180	
		connectionitest	Debibibb	
		TC Control Flags :		
		Y		
		Subsch. ID : 10		
		Det. descr. · Perform Connection Test		
16		Charle CICH and END.		Next Step:
10		FARM-B counter increased by 1 ?		True 18
		Check BD Counter increasing (on MIMIC:Overview).		
		Check FAR as well (on Decoder AND:ZAZ2C999).		
		See annex for failure interpretation.		
		NOTE:		
		If in low TM rate, wait long enough to allow the TM to		
		update.		
				Newt Ober 1
17		External Analysis:		29
		Decoder		
		Options: None of both Decoders received the BD command: Perhaps		
		only the connection between the RX in lock and both		
		Decoders is broken. Try to get the other BX in lock		
		In a worst case: Wait for the 60h LOS FDIR, which		
		reconfigures the XPND and RFDN chains.		
18		Decoder A problem		Next Step: 19
		Stay on Decoder B		
		Stay on VC-1		
		use only reduidant CPD0 res		
				-
10		Did DOW TO Counton ingroom		Next Step:
19		Dia BSW TC Counter increase as well ?		True 21
		Check the BSW TC Counter to confirm that the		
		Connection Test TC reached the PM.		
		NOTE:		
		If in low 'IM rate, wait long enough to allow the 'IM to update.		
		Verify Telemetry		
		BSW_TC_Complete DELAF160	N+1	MIMIC: Overview
		INFO: If service 1 is enabled, the (1.1) and (1.7) packets		
		are expected as well.		



Step No.	Time	Activity/Remarks	TC/TLM	Display/ Branch
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
20		External Analysis: TC does not reach PM		Next Step: 29
		Connection problem between Decoder and PM: - Try the other Decoder (if not already failed) - Try HP TCs to check both Decoders (e.g. disable/enable RM) - PM switchover as last chance (via HP TCs)		
21		Was initially failed TC a High Priority TC ?		Next Step: False 29 True 22
		If true: Perhaps the CPDU is the problem.		
22		Send HP TC again		23
		No Test TCs exist for HP TCs; so send the failed HP TC again.		
		If Decoder B is selected (VC-1), use the redundant HP TC.		
		Check if the HP TC was effective. Option: Check CPDU report by sending following TC.		
		Option 1) Check nominal HP TC (VC-0, CPDU-A):		
		Execute Telecommand CRMA_CPDM_StsReportReg	DCW0R159	
		TC Control Flags : GBM IL DSE Y		
		Subsch. ID : 10 Det. descr. : CROME A: Read CPDM Status Report Register		
		Get the dumped register from AND:ZAZ7R999		
		DE285170 CromeId DE329170 CromeAddr DE367170 CromeData		
		and insert CromeData into the excel sheet:		
		CROME_reg_data_decommutation.xls		
		Option 2) Check redundant HP TC (VC-1, CPDU-B):		





Step No.	Time	Activity/Remarks	TC/TLM	Display/ Branch
		Execute Telecommand CRMB CPDM StsReportReg	DCW2N159	
		GBM IL DSE		
		Y		
		Det. descr. : CROME B: Read CPDM Status Report		
		Register		
		Get the dumped register from AND:ZAZ7R999		
		DE329170 CromeAddr		
		DE367170 CromeData		
		and insert CromeData into the excel sheet:		
		CPOME reg data decommutation xls		
				Novt Stop:
23		Effective ?		False 24
				True 29
				Next Step:
24		Select VC-1 (Decoder B)		25
		TO ODJONE Office MO 1 for several here		
		TC SPACON: Select VC-1 for commanding.		
25		Cond Podundant UP TC		Next Step:
25				20
		To Decoder B (CPDU-B) the redundant HP TCs must be		
		send.		
		Check if the HP TC was effective.		
		Option		
		Check CPDU report by sending following TC.		
		Check redundant HP TC (VC-1, CPDU-B):		
		Execute Telecommand		
		CRMB_CPDM_StsReportReg	DCW2N159	
		TC Control Flags :		
		GBM IL DSE		
		Y Subsch. ID : 10		
		Det. descr. : CROME B: Read CPDM Status Report		
		Register		



No TC Recovery File: H_CRP_SYS_NOTC.xls Author: F. Keck

Step No.	Time	Activity/Remarks	TC/TLM	Display/ Branch
		Get the dumped register from AND:ZAZ7R999		
		DE285170 CromeId		
		DE329170 CromeAddr		
		DE367170 CromeData		
		and insert CromeData into the excel sheet:		
		CROME_reg_data_decommutation.xls		
				Next Step:
26		Effective ?		False 27
				True 28
				Next Step:
27		External Analysis:		29
		None of both CPDUs executed the received HP TC.		
		Try another HP TC, to see if it's a generic Decoder		
		problem or related to a specific HP TC.		
28		CPDU-A Problem		Next Step: 29
		Only redundant HP TCs via VC-1 possible		
				Neut Chen
29		Comments		END
		Additional hints for PDEC problems could be found in		
		Tik fallure event packets.		
		See following examples:		
		Grouph for		
		CdmuBsw Event 5-2 TTR-RM A CROME Access Failure	D_EvRp_520	
		Packet Details:	16	
		APID: Type:	5	
		Subtype:	2	
		PI1: PT2:	120	
		Search for		
		CdmuBsw Event 5-2 TTR-RM B CROME Access Failure	D_EvRp_521	
		APID:	16	
		Type:	5	
		Subtype: PI1:	121	
		PI2:	121	
		End of Duccolumn		
		End of Procedure		



Frame Analysis Report

Bit/field	Value	Description
AuAna	•	Authentication process analysis:
	000	No authentication report
	001	Authorised TC Segment with data
	010	Authorised and executable AU Control Command
	011	Authorised "Dummy Segment"
	100	TC Segment rejected because of error in the Signature
	101	TC Segment rejected because of error in the LAC
	110	Non-executable authorised AU Control Command
	111	Incorrect length of the TC Segment, i.e. length less than 10 octets
LastMap	Any	Number of last MAP Identifier
Channel	Any	Selected TC channel input
Туре	00	AD Frame
	01	No Legal Frame
	10	BD Frame
	11	BC Frame
ErrCnt	Any	Number of single-error TC Code Block corrections, saturates at 111
CbCnt	Any	Number of accepted TC Code Blocks modulo 64
IReason		Reason for frame declared Illegal (in case of multiple reasons, the
		reason of lowest value will be presented):
	000	No Illegal report
	001	Error in Version Number and Reserved A and B fields
	010	Illegal combination (AC) of Bypass and Control Command flags
	011	Spacecraft Identifier did not match
	100	VC Identifier bits 0 (MSB) to 4 did not match
	101	VC Identifier bit 5 (LSB) did not match
	110	N(S) of BC or BD Frame not set to all zeroes
	111	Incorrect BC Control Command format
FrameAna		Frame analysis (in case of multiple possibilities, the report of lowest
		value will be presented):
	000	Abandoned CLTU
	001	Frame declared Dirty
	010	Frame declared Illegal for one reason
	011	Frame declared Illegal for multiple reasons
	100	AD Frame discarded because of Lockout
	101	AD Frame discarded because of Wait
	110	AD Frame discarded because of N(S) or V(R)
	111	Frame accepted by FARM-1
Stat	0	New analysis data
	1	Old analysis data