OSIRIS

Optical, Spectroscopic, and Infrared Remote Imaging System

Rosetta-OSIRIS To Planetary Science Archive Interface Control Document

RO-RIS-MPAE-ID-015

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Prepared by:

Jakob Deller



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Document Change Record

Iss./Rev.	Date/Name	Pages affected	Description
Draft	4 Nov. 2003 Stubbe Hviid	All	First draft
1a	29 Aug 2005 Stubbe Hviid	All	Fleshed out
1b	24 Jan 2006	All	Added science objectives General cleaning
2a	2 Nov 2006	All	Major cleaning and reorganization of document Added dataset overview covering the period until Comet encounter Changed the PDS file naming convention to be PDS compliant Simplified the data directory structure Moved most of the actual PDS label information to the EDR/SIS document.
3a	14/5-2009	All	Added data set ID's separated between NAC and WAC
3c	2/12-2010	All	Synchronized the EAICD with the actual archive generation process (several minor points) Added description of new EXTRAS directory used to store the BROWSE HTML files, thumbnail images and activity log
3d	28/1-2011		Added missing BROWSE directory description Corrected mistakes in the data set ID description Corrected various spelling errors
3e	3/3-2011	26	Change CAL description to reflect the non-zip based implementation required by the PDS
3f	20 Oct 2015 Pablo Gutiérrez- Marqués	1,2,9,26	Added explanation on the extent of the calibration database Updated PI and creator of the data
4-	16/01/2017 Cecilia Tubiana	All	Now uses OSIRIS document template Updated various figures & tables Updated Acronym list Removed "Scientific objectives" Updated Data Handling Process Updated Instrument Overview section for NAC & WAC Removed "Data Set and Data Product Overview" Updated The CALIB directory Removed ADC, FILTERS, MIRRORS, QE, SHUTTER, SOLARFLUX sections Added BADPIXELS, EXPOSURE sections Descriptions of all CALIB sections have been updated Removed "Reference Systems" Removed "PDS Object and Keyword Definitions" Added OSIRIS Ancillary Data PDS Labels



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4a	28/04/2017 Cecilia Tubiana	Sect. 1.5, Sect. 5.1, Sect. 4, and Sect. 6.1	Updated versions of reference documents Added Sec 4: The OSIRIS Science Data (.fts and .jpg) Detached Labels Added description of DATA_VERSION_ID Removed INSTRUMENT_NAME from ancillary labels Added description of BROWSE and .FTS data to Sect. 5.1 Section 4.2: added note in MEAN and STANDARD_DEVIATION: "this label is present only in CODMAC level 2 images.
4b	16/10/2017 Cecilia Tubiana		Sec 1.5: updated list of reference documents (replaced EDR+RDR SIS with OSIRIS SIS) Sec 5: updated ref to OSIRIS (merged) SIS Sec 5.2.3.1-5.2.3.7: updated description when needed Sec 5.2.5: Removed ASCII version available, and updated ref to (merged) SIS. Sec 1.1: Replaced the description of the OSIRIS naming convention with ref to OSIRIS SIS section.
4c	12/02/2018 Cecilia Tubiana	All	Added CT to Sec. 1.7 Added Sec. 1.5 Added RD4 to Sec. 1.6 Updated Sec. 5, 5.1, 1.1 Removed (former) Sec. 4: PDS detached labels for FITs and JPG (moved to OSIRIS SIS). Added DATA_SET_ID to Sec. 6.1. Removed RECORD_BYTES, FILE_RECORDS, and LABEL_RECORDS, NOTE, PROCESSING_HISTORY_TEXT, FILTER_NUMBER, SOFTWARE_* from Sec. 6.2. Added INSTRUMENT_ID to Sec. 6.2. General clean up
4d	1/3/2018 Cecilia Tubiana		Add RD12(solar stray-light document) Updated Table 1 Updated Sec. 5.2.3 Added Sec. 5.2.3.10. Added note to Sec. 5.2.2 that L5 are delivered only in IMG format. Updated Sec. 1.1.
4e	25/04/2018 Carsten Güttler		Clarified OSIRIS internal levels vs. CODMAC levels Updated Table 1 Clarified that OSIRIS level 3 is resampled data
4f	30/08/2018 Cecilia Tubiana		Added Sec.1.1.
4g	15/10/2018 Cecilia Tubiana		Added the filter document [RD13] to the reference documents. In Sec. 5.2.3 added the FILTERS directory. Added Sec. 5.2.3.6. Added PSA compliant filenames to Sect. 1.6. Split Sec. 3 into Sec. 3, 4, and 5 and re-arranged the order of the sections. Added sentence that empty datasets are not delivered.
4h	3/6/2019 Cecilia Tubiana		Added RD14. Updated Table 1 to include CODMAC Level 4E/F. Updated Sec. 5.1.2, 5.1.3, and 5.2.3. Added Sec. 5.2.3.9.



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4i	9 July 2020 Carsten Güttler	Sect. 1.6, Table 1, Sect. 5	Included OSIRIS Level 4S (CODMAC L5) Mention boresight correction of OSIRIS Level 3+ (CODMAC L4/5) Clarified missing products with reference to Science User Guide
5-	20 December 2021 Jakob Deller	Sect. 5 Sect. 6.4	Added relative pixel size files [NW]AC_FM_PIXEL_SIZE Updated description on flat-field files Added CATINFO.TXT Updated example
5a	10 May 2022 Carsten Güttler	Sect. 5.2.6	Added description of DOCUMENT\ACTIVITY_TABLE folder

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1 General aspects

1.1 Scope

This document describes the data flow of the OSIRIS instrument on the Rosetta mission from the S/C until the insertion into the Planetary Science Archive (PSA) for ESA. It includes information on how data was processed, formatted, labelled and uniquely identified. The document discusses general naming schemes for data volumes, datasets, data and detached label files. Standards used to generate the product are explained, as well as software that may be used to access the products.

The design of the dataset structure and the data product is described in Section 5.

1.2 Introduction

The purpose of this EAICD (Experimenter to (Science) Archive Interface Control Document) is twofold. First, it provides users of the OSIRIS instrument data with a detailed description of the product and a description of how it was generated, including data sources and destinations. Secondly, it is the official interface between the OSIRIS instrument team and the PSA archiving authority.

1.3 Archiving Authorities

The Planetary Data System Standard is used as archiving standard by:

- NASA for U.S. planetary missions, implemented by PDS
- ESA for European planetary missions, implemented by the Research and Scientific Support Department (RSSD) of ESA

ESA implements an online science archive, the PSA, to support and ease data ingestion to offer additional services to the scientific user community and science operations teams: e.g. search queries that allow searches across instruments, missions and scientific disciplines, several data delivery options as direct download of data products, linked files and datasets ftp download of data products, linked files and datasets.

The PSA aims for online ingestion of logical archive volumes and will offer the creation of physical archive volumes on request.

1.4 Intended Readership

The staff of the archiving authority (Planetary Science Archive, ESA, RSSD, design team) and any potential user of OSIRIS data.



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1.5 Applicable Documents

no.	Document Name	Document Number, Iss./Rev.
AD1	Planetary Data System Standards Reference	JPL D-7669, Part 2, Version 3.8
AD2	Definition of the Flexible Image Transport System (FITS)	The FITS Standard Version 3.0: approved 2008 July 10 by the IAUFWG Document publication date: 2010 November 18

1.6 Reference Documents

Document versions marked as V?? refer to the last public version of the document.

no.	document name	document number, Iss./Rev.
RD1	Planetary Data System Preparation Workbook, February 1, 1995	Version 3.1, JPL, D-7669, Part1
RD2	Planetary Data System Standards Reference, June 1, 1999	Version 3.3, JPL, D-7669, Part 2
RD3	Software Interface Specifications for OSIRIS Science Products	RO-RIS-MPAE-ID-023 OSIRIS_SIS_V??.PDF
RD4	OSIRIS Calibration Pipeline OsiCalliope	RO-RIS-MPAE-MA-007 OSIRIS_CAL_PIPELINE_V??.PDF
RD5	Determination of the absolute calibration coefficients to radiometrically calibrate OSIRIS images	RO-RIS-MPAE-TN-074 RADIOMETRIC_CALIB_V??.PDF
RD6	OSIRIS camera bad pixel list	RO-RIS-MPAE-TN-080 BAD PIXELS V??.PDF
RD7	OSIRIS camera bias levels	RO-RIS-MPAE-TN-079 BIAS V??.PDF
RD8	OSIRIS camera distortion and boresight correction	RO-RIS-MPAE-TN-081 GEOMETRIC_DIST_COR_V??.PDF
RD9	Shutter parameters for exposure time calculation	RO-RIS-MPAE-TN-073 EXPOSURETIME_COR_V??.PDF
RD10	Acquisition and processing of flat field images for OSIRIS calibration	RO-RIS-MPAE-TN-075 FLATFIELDING_V??.PDF
RD11	ROSETTA - Archive Conventions	RO-EST-TN-3372
RD12	OSIRIS Camera Solar Stray Light	RO-RIS-MPAE-TN-087 SOLAR_STRAYLIGHT_V??.PDF
RD13	NAC and WAC Optical Band-pass Filter Transmissions	RO-RIS-MPAE-TN-091 FILTER_CURVES_V??.PDF



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RD14	In-field Stray-Light determination for NAC and WAC	RO-RIS-MPAE-TN-093 IN-FIELD-STRLIGHT_V??.PDF
RD15	OSIRIS Science User Guide	RO-RIS-MPAE-MA-011 SCIENCE_USER_GUIDE_V??.PDF
RD16	OSIRIS Georeferenced Data Products	RO-RIS-MPAE-TN-089 GEO_PRODUCTS_V??.PDF

1.7 Contact Names and Addresses

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2 Acronyms and Abbreviations

ASCII American Standard Code for Information Interchange

ADC Analog Digital Converter CCD Readout Board **CRB CCD** Charge Coupled Device Derived Data Records **DDR** Data Distribution System **DDS DPU Data Processing Unit** Digital Signal Processor **DSP EDR Experiment Data Record** European Space Agency **ESA** House Keeping data HK

IAA Instituto de Astrofísica de Andalucía

IDA Institut für Datentechnik und Kommunikationsnetze

INTA Instituto Nacional de Técnica Aeroespacial LAM Laboratoire d'Astrophysique de Marseille

MCB Motor Controller Board MLI Multi-Layer Insulation

MPS Max Planck Institut für Sonnensystemforschung

NAC Narrow Angle Camera
ODL Object Description Language

OIOR Orbiter Instrument Operational Request

OSIRIS Optical, Spectroscopic, and Infrared Remote Imaging System

PCM Power Converter Module
PDS Planetary Data Systems
PSA Planetary Science Archive
RDR Reduced Data Record

RSSD Research and Scientific Support Department (ESA)

RO Rosetta Orbiter

SPICE Spacecraft, Planet, Instrument, C-matrix, Event kernels

SIS Software Interface Specification

SPIHT Set Partitioning in Hierarchical Trees (Wavelet compression algorithm)

SSMM Solid State Mass Memory (Rosetta spacecraft storage device)

TBC To Be Considered
TBD To Be Determined
TMI TeleMetry Image
UPD Università di Padova

UPM Universidad Politécnica de Madrid

WAC Wide Angle Camera



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3 Instrument Overview

The OSIRIS instrument was provided by the OSIRIS consortium led by the principal investigator Dr. Horst Uwe Keller at the Max Planck Institut für Sonnensystemforschung.

The OSIRIS camera system consists of a Narrow Angle Camera (NAC) and a Wide Angle Camera (WAC).

3.1 The Narrow Angle Camera (NAC)

The NAC (Figure 1) uses an off axis three mirror optical design. The off axis design was selected in order to minimize the straylight reaching the CCD (the NAC has a proven stray light attenuation of better than 10⁻⁹). The optical beam is reflected by the three mirrors (M1, M2 and M3) before passing through a double filter wheel, a mechanical shutter mechanism and an antiradiation plate (ARP) before reaching the CCD.



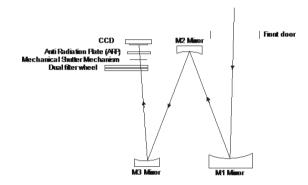


Figure 1: (left) The OSIRIS NAC flight unit in the lab. (right) The NAC Optical path

3.2 The Wide Angle Camera

The WAC (Figure 2) uses an off axis two mirror optical design. The off axis design was selected in order to minimize the stray light reaching the CCD (the WAC has a proven stray light attenuation of better than 10^{-8}).

The optical beam is reflected by the two mirrors (M1 & M2) before passing through a double filter wheel, a mechanical shutter mechanism, and an anti-radiation plate (ARP) before reaching the CCD.



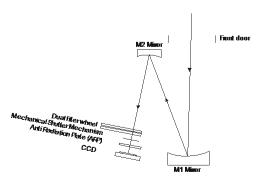


Figure 2: (left) The OSIRIS WAC flight unit in the lab. (right) The WAC Optical path

More detailed information about the design of the cameras, the filter wheels, the mechanical shutter mechanism and the CCD can be found in:

Keller, H. U. et al. OSIRIS -- The Scientific Camera System Onboard Rosetta, *Space Science Reviews*, 2007, **128**, 433-506.



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4 Data Handling Process

OSIRIS Experiment Data Records (EDR) processing is overseen by OsiDrone. OsiDrone runs several processes (Sects. 4.1 to 4.3), which handle the actual data processing. Each of these processes can be run independently as needed, but in general operational use, they are controlled by OsiDrone.

Reduced and Derived Data Record (RDR and DDR) processing is overseen by a Python script to generate higher level .IMG products (Sect. 4.4) and conversion formats (Sect. 4.5).

The following steps are performed when processing a dataset, with output logs generated for each step (Figure 3).

4.1 Hermes

Hermes downloads the raw telemetry data via the DDS interface from ESA, and saves the data to the OSIRIS TLM archive.

4.2 OsiTrap

OsiTrap generates both the OSIRIS level 0 (raw data & header) images and OSIRIS level 1 (raw data & calibrated header; CODMAC L2) images, which are then stored in the OSIRIS Primary Archive.

4.3 Getty

Getty determines where each image from the primary archive should be copied, and copies them to the correct location within the OSIRIS Secondary Archive.

4.4 OsiCalliope

OsiCalliope calibrates the OSIRIS level 1 (CODMAC L2) images, creating OSIRIS level 2 (CODMAC L3) and higher images, which are stored in the OSIRIS Secondary Archive.

4.5 Pds2Legacy

Pds2Legacy generates FITs and JPEG from the PDS products.

4.6 Timgad

Additional tools are used in order to deliver the data products, along with supporting ancillary information, to the PSA archive (Figure 4).

Timgad packages the data products, along with supporting ancillary information (see Sec. 5), creating a data package for the CODMAC level being delivered. This data package is then uploaded to the PSA Archive.

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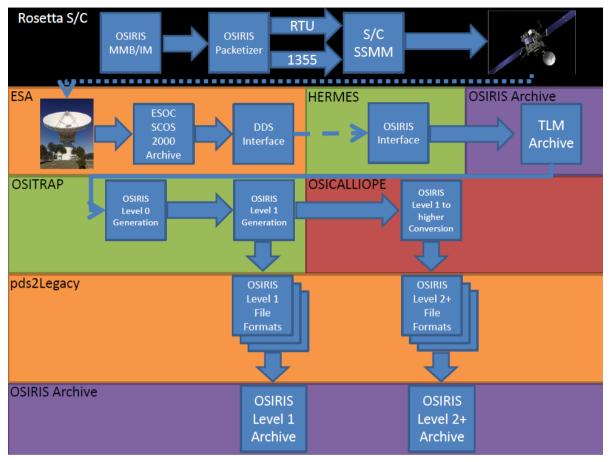


Figure 3: The OSIRIS data and processing flow

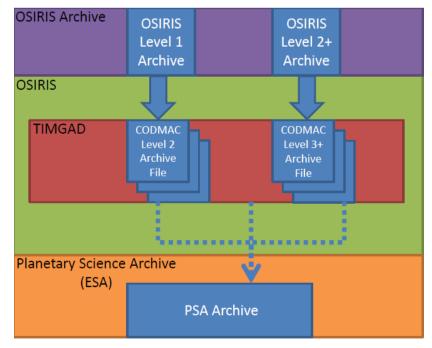


Figure 4: The data and processing flow from the OSIRIS Archive to PSA



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The correspondence between OSIRIS and CODMAC levels is summarized in Table 1

OSIRIS Data Levels	CODMAC Levels	Description	
Packet Data	1	Telemetry data stream as received at the ground station, with science and engineering data embedded.	
0		PDS or TMI formatted data files. Uncalibrated header and uncalibrated image data	
1	2	PDS compliant data files with calibrated header and uncalibrated image data	
2	3	PDS compliant data files with calibrated header and radiometric calibrated image data	
3	4	PDS compliant data files with calibrated header and radiometric calibrated & geometric distortion and boresight corrected (resampled) image data, in radiance units.	
3B	4	PDS compliant data files with calibrated header and radiometric calibrated & geometric distortion and boresight corrected (resampled) image data, in reflectance units.	
3C	4	PDS compliant data files with calibrated header and solar stray light corrected, radiometric calibrated & geometric distortion and boresight corrected (resampled) image data, in radiance units.	
3D	4	PDS compliant data files with calibrated header and solar stray light corrected, radiometric calibrated & geometric distortion and boresight corrected (resampled) image data, in reflectance units.	
3E	4	PDS compliant data files with calibrated header and solar stray light corrected, in-field stray light corrected, radiometric calibrated & geometric distortion and boresight corrected (resampled) image data, in reflectance units.	
3F	4	PDS compliant data files with calibrated header and solar stray light corrected, in-field stray light corrected, radiometric calibrated & geometric distortion and boresight corrected (resampled) image data, in reflectance units.	
4	5	PDS compliant .IMG files with 9 layers: one calibrated image data layer and 8 georeferencing layers. Geometry derived from shape modelling by-products.	
4S	5	PDS compliant .IMG files with 9 layers: one calibrated image data layer and 8 georeferencing layers. Geometry derived from SPICE toolkit.	

Table 1: OSIRIS and CODMAC data levels



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5 Overview of Data Products

OSIRIS is archiving raw (OSIRIS level 1; COMAC L2), calibrated (OSIRIS level 2; CODMAC L3), resampled (OSIRIS level 3; CODMAC L4), and derived data (OSIRIS level 4; CODMAC L5). All calibration steps applied to the data are described in the OsiCalliope document [RD4]. The database used by OsiCalliope to generate the calibrated data is included in the archived dataset structure.

Moreover, routines in the programming language IDL are included in the dataset, which provide an interface to read and modify the images.

Images are organized into datasets. Each dataset contains all data files belonging to a single camera (OSINAC/OSIWAC), mission period and data product. The dataset name is given by the DATA SET ID (see Sec. 5.1.2).

Datasets which do not contain images are not delivered. For the comet phase and OSIRIS level 2+ (CODMAC L3+), this is the case only for WAC in MTP022 datasets. The full list of empty datasets is provided in [RD15].

For details on the OSIRIS PDS, FITs and JPG labels please see the OSIRIS SIS document [RD4] included in the dataset documentation folder (\DOCUMENT\SIS).

5.1 Data File Naming Conventions and Product IDs

5.1.1 File Naming Convention

For the OSIRIS image files naming convention please refer to the OSIRIS SIS [RD4].



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5.1.2 The Dataset ID

The OSIRIS DATA SET ID follows the following convention:

RO-[target ID]-[instrument]-[CODMAC level]-[mission phase]-[description]-[version]

Field	# characters	Description
[target ID]	1	Target ID (see the Rosetta Archive Convention document [RD11], Table 9), e.g. A, C,
[instrument]	6	Instrument name, either OSINAC or OSIWAC.
[CODMAC level]	1	The CODMAC data level of the dataset.
[mission phase]	4	Mission phase name abbreviation (see the Rosetta Archive Convention document [RD11], Table 4).
[description] = [period][-product]	16	Dataset description: [period]: description of the mission period to which the dataset belongs to. [-product]: description of the data product (optional).
		Note: The [-product] description differentiates between different products of the same level, which have OSIRIS internal B/C/D/ sub-levels but are the same CODMAC level.
[version]	4	Release version: V[release].[submission]. The main version [release] is increased when a major update is applied to the data or its structure.

Products:

REFLECT: relates to OSIRIS sub-level B STRLIGHT: relates to OSIRIS sub-level C STR-REFL: relates to OSIRIS sub-level D INFLDSTR: relates to OSIRIS sub-level E INF-REFL: relates to OSIRIS sub-level F

GEO: relates to OSIRIS level 4 (CODMAC L5)

GEOSPICE: relates to OSIRIS level 4S (CODMAC L5)

Examples:

RO-C-OSIWAC-2-ESC2-67PCHURYUMOV-M14-V1.0

RO-C-OSIWAC-4-ESC2-67P-M14-REFLECT-V1.0

RO-C-OSIWAC-4-ESC2-67P-M14-STRLIGHT-V1.0

RO-C-OSIWAC-4-ESC2-67P-M14-STR-REFL-V1.0

RO-C-OSIWAC-4-ESC2-67P-M14-INFLDSTR-V1.0

RO-C-OSIWAC-4-ESC2-67P-M14-INF-REFL-V1.0

RO-C-OSIWAC-5-ESC2-67P-M14-GEO-V1.0

RO-C-OSIWAC-5-ESC2-67P-M14-GEOSPICE-V1.0

RO-A-OSIWAC-3-AST2-LUTETIAFLYBY-V1.1

RO-A-OSIWAC-4-AST2-LUTETIA-REFLECT-V1.1



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5.1.3 The Dataset name

The OSIRIS DATA_SET_NAME is built in the following way, according to the Rosetta Archive Convention document [RD11]:

[Instrument host name] [Target name] [Instrument ID] [CODMAC level] [Mission phase abbreviation] [description] [version]

Field	# characters	Description
[Instrument host name]	15	ROSETTA-ORBITER (see the Rosetta Archive Convention document [RD11], Table 11)
[Target name]	7	Target name (see the Rosetta Archive Convention document [RD11], Table 9), e.g. 67P, STEINS,
[Instrument ID]	6	Instrument name, either OSINAC or OSIWAC.
[CODMAC level]	1	The CODMAC data level of the dataset.
[Mission phase abbreviation] {-MTPXXX}	11	Mission phase name abbreviation (see the Rosetta Archive Convention document [RD11], Table 4), optionally followed by the MTP number (only for the comet phase).
[description]	17	Dataset description: CODMAC L2 (OSIRIS level 1): EDR CODMAC L3 (OSIRIS level 2): RDR CODMAC L4 (OSIRIS level 3): RDR CODMAC L4 (OSIRIS level 3B): RDR-REFLECT CODMAC L4 (OSIRIS level 3C): RDR-STRLIGHT CODMAC L4 (OSIRIS level 3D): RDR-STR-REFL CODMAC L4 (OSIRIS level 3E): RDR-INFLDSTR CODMAC L4 (OSIRIS level 3F): RDR-INF-REFL CODMAC L4 (OSIRIS level 3F): RDR-INF-REFL CODMAC L5 (OSIRIS level 4): DDR-GEO CODMAC L5 (OSIRIS level 4S): DDR-GEOSPICE
[version]	4	Release version: V[release].[submission]. The main version [release] is increased when a major update is applied to the data or its structure.

Examples:

ROSETTA-ORBITER 67P OSINAC 4 ESC1-MTP012 RDR-REFLECT V0.1 ROSETTA-ORBITER LUTETIA OSINAC 2 AST2 EDR V2.0

5.2 Dataset Organization

The OSIRIS datasets are organized using the subdirectories recommended by the PDS standards:

- BROWSE
- CALIB
- CATALOG
- DATA



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- DOCUMENT
- EXTRAS
- INDEX

5.2.1 The BROWSE directory

The BROWSE directory contains JPEG for all the PDS images stored in the DATA directory of the dataset. The images are stored using the same organization as used for the DATA directory. Each file comprises a detached PDS label containing all relevant information present in the PDS image header. The detached label and details of the JPG files including size, compression, and orientation are described in the OSIRIS SIS document [RD4].

5.2.2 The DATA directory

The data directory contains the actual OSIRIS data files in .IMG and in .FIT format in DATA\IMG and DATA\FIT, respectively. The .IMG images have an attached PDS label (image header), while the FITs files comprise a detached PDS label that contains all the relevant information present in the PDS image header. For details see the OSIRIS SIS document [RD4].

Please note that OSIRIS level 4 (CODMAC L5) data are delivered only in .IMG format.

5.2.3 The CALIB directory

The CALIB directory contains the calibration database used by OsiCalliope to generate the calibrated images.

CALIB\	Contains the calibration database used by
	OsiCalliope to generate the calibrated data.

All information is readable using either a text editor (ASCII format) or a standard PDS data file reader.

Given that the calibration database is considered a single product even if it can be used separately to calibrate images from the NAC and the WAC, it is delivered in its entirety on the NAC and WAC datasets.

The calibration database has the following structure:

CALIB/		
	ABSCAL	Folder containing the [DN/s] to [W/m²/sr/nm] conversion factors to radiometric calibrate the images.
	BADPIXELS	Folder containing a list of bad pixels on the CCDs and their correction method.
	BIAS	Folder containing the bias offsets for the various operational modes of OSIRIS.
	DISTORTION	Folder containing the geometric distortion and boresight correction parameters for the cameras.
	EXPOSURE	Folder containing data for exposure time correction.



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FILTERS	Folder containing the transmission curves of the NAC and WAC filters.
FLATFIELDS	Folder containing the flatfields for the various filter combinations
GEO	Folder containing shift values to optimise the alignment of GEOSPICE data.
GHOST	Folder containing the in-field stray light kernels for the various filter combinations
SOLARSTR	Folder containing the solar stray-light patterns
THROUGHPUT	Folder containing the parameters used for the determination of the camera throughput.

5.2.3.1 ABSCAL

ABSCAL contains the absolute calibration coefficients to radiometric calibrate OSIRIS images.

The files have the format:

<camera> <model> ABSCAL V<version>.TXT

The data files contain the PDS label description of the file, followed by the data.

General information about the correction method can be found in the OsiCalliope document [RD4] and about the calibration data in the absolute calibration coefficients document [RD5].

5.2.3.2 BADPIXELS

BADPIXELS contains the list of the NAC and WAC bad pixels and their correction method. The files have the format:

<camera> <model> BAD PIXEL V<version>.TXT

The data files contain the PDS label description of the file, followed by the data from inflight calibration.

General information about the correction method can be found in the OsiCalliope document [RD4] and about the calibration data in the bad pixels document [RD6].

5.2.3.3 BIAS

BIAS contains the bias offsets, introduced by the readout electronics, that has to be subtracted from the images. The files have the format:

<camera> <model> BIAS V<version>.TXT

The data files contain the PDS label description of the file, followed by the data from the delta calibration in May 2014 and regular inflight bias observations.

General information about the correction method can be found in the OsiCalliope document [RD4] and about the calibration data in the bias document [RD7].

5.2.3.4 DISTORTION

DISTORTION contains the parameters to correct the NAC and WAC camera geometric distortion and boresight. The files have the format:



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<camera> <model> DISTORTION V<version>.TXT

The directory contains also the relative size of the pixel-wise iFoV that can be used to account for the different light collecting area of each pixel when working with images that are not distortion corrected (level 1 and 2, CODMAC L2 and L3). The files have the format:

<camera> <model> PIXEL SIZE V<version>.IMG

The data files contain the PDS label description of the file, followed by the data.

General information about the correction method can be found in the OsiCalliope document [RD4] and about the calibration data in the geometric distortion and boresight correction document [RD8].

5.2.3.5 EXPOSURE

EXPOSURE contains the default exposure time corrections to be applied to the data. The files have the format:

<camera>_<model>_EXP_<suffix>_V<version>.TXT

<suffix> is either BAL or a date.

The data files contain the PDS label description of the file, followed by the data.

General information about the correction method can be found in the OsiCalliope document [RD4] and about the calibration data in the exposure time correction document [RD9].

5.2.3.6 FILTERS

FILTERS contains the NAC and WAC filter transmission curves as supplied by the manufacturer, the WAC narrow band correction files, and the WAC narrow band angular transmission files. The files have the format:

- Transmission curves: <camera> <model> FLT <filter name> V<version>.TXT
- Correction files: <camera> FLT BC <filter name> V<version>.IMG
- Angular transmission files: <camera>_FLT_ANG_<filter_name>_V<version>.TXT

Information about those files can be found in the filter document [RD13].

5.2.3.7 FLATFIELDS

FLATFIELDS contains the laboratory flatfields as well as the spectral flatfields required to calibrate OSIRIS images. The files have the format:

<camera> <model> <type> <filter number> V<version>.IMG

<type> can be "FLAT" for laboratory flatfield images or 'SPEC' for spectral flatfield images.

The data files are stored in a data format that can be read with a PDS image reader and include an attached label.

General information about the correction method can be found in the OsiCalliope document [RD4] and about the calibration data in the flatfield document [RD10].

5.2.3.8 GEO

GEO contains shift values to optimise the alignment between image layer and geometry layers in GEOSPICE data. The file name has the format:

GEO_SPICE_SHIFT_V<version>.TXT



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The data files contain the PDS label description of the file, followed by the data.

General information about the correction method can be found in the OsiCalliope document [RD4] and about the shift method in the geo-products document [RD16].

5.2.3.9 GHOST

GHOST contains the in-field stray light kernels for the various filter combinations. The files have the format:

<camera> <model> GHOST <filter number> V<version>.TXT

The data files contain the PDS label description of the file, followed by the data.

General information about the correction method can be found in the OsiCalliope document [RD4] and about the calibration data in the in-field stray light correction document [RD14].

5.2.3.10 SOLARSTR

SOLARSTR contains the solar stray-light patters for different solar elongations, normalized to 1 AU solar distance. The files have the format:

<camera> <model> SOL STL <filter number> V<version>.IMG

The data files are stored in a data format that can be read with a PDS image reader and include an attached label.

General information about the correction method can be found in the OsiCalliope document [RD4] and about the calibration data in the solar stray light document [RD12].

5.2.3.11 THROUGHPUT

THROUGHPUT contains the parameters used for the determination of the camera throughput: quantum efficiency (QE) of the CCD, reflectivity of the mirror system (MIRROR), transmissivity of the anti-radiation plate (ARP). The files have the format:

<camera> <model> <type> V<version>.TXT

<type> can be "ARP", "MIRROR", or "QE".

The data files contain the PDS label description of the file, followed by the data.

General information about the correction method can be found in the OsiCalliope document [RD4] and about the calibration data in the absolute calibration coefficients document [RD5].

5.2.4 The CATALOG directory

The CATALOG directory contains the catalogue files required by the PDS standard.

CATINFO.TXT	Description of the CATALOG directory contents
DATASET.CAT	Description of the dataset
INSTHOST.CAT	Description of the Rosetta orbiter spacecraft
MISSION.CAT	Description of the Rosetta mission
OSINAC_INST.CAT or OSIWAC_INST	Description of the OSIRIS NAC or WAC instrument
PERSONNEL.CAT	Contact information



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REFERENCE.CAT	References
SOFTWARE.CAT	Description of the included software packages
TARGETS.CAT	Description of the target object observed in the dataset

5.2.5 The DOCUMENT directory

The DOCUMENT directory contains supporting documentation for the dataset. The documents are organized in sub directories. Each subdirectory contains one or more versions of the same document, of which the latest (highest version number) is applicable.

[ACTIVITY_TABLES]	Tables to map operational activity to data products.			
[CALIB]	One document that describes the calibration process performed by OsiCalliope (OSIRIS_CAL_PIPELINE_V <version>.PDF) and several documents that describe the database, supporting the OsiCalliope main document.</version>			
[EAICD]	Experimenter to (Science) Archive Interface Control Document (this document)			
[OSIRIS_SSR]	A Space Science Review paper by Keller et al. (2007), describing the OSIRIS cameras in detail.			
[SIS]	The OSIRIS SIS document (detailed PDS label description)			
[SCIENCE_USER_GUIDE]	Document describing the intention behind the acquisition of each image and its planned scientific purpose.			

5.2.6 The EXTRAS directory

The EXTRAS directory contains a subdirectory SOFTWARE. This folder is used to store the software that can be used to read and modify the OSIRIS images. All routines are written in the programming language IDL (Interactive Data Language) and zipped into FWPDSLIB.ZIP, which contains a readme file explaining how to use the routines.

EXTRAS\SOFTWARE\FWPDSLIB.ZIP	Contains an IDL (Interactive Data Language)
	software library for reading and manipulating
	PDS images.

5.3 Standards Used in Data Product Generation

5.3.1 PDS Standards

The OSIRIS archive is based on the PDS v3.8 specifications [AD1].

5.3.2 Time Standards

5.3.2.1 SCLK Time fields

SLCK time fields are specified using the following convention:

<reset number>/<time counter high value>:<time counter low value>

• <time counter high value> is approximately the number of seconds since Jan 1 2003



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• <time counter low value> is counted in 1/65536 second ticks

Example: 1/37673377:42320

5.3.2.2 Calendar Time Fields

All time fields follow the ANSI time definition:

YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS.mmm

Where:

- YYYY is the year in 4 digits
- MM is the month in 2 digits
- DD is the day of month in 2 digits
- HH is the hour in 2 digits
- MM is the minute in 2 digits
- SS is the second in 2 digits
- mmm is millisecond

All time fields are given in UTC.



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6 The OSIRIS Ancillary Data PDS Labels

6.1 Mandatory Labels

These labels should appear in all ancillary data products.

Label	Group	Namespace	Datatype	Unit	Description	Source
PDS_VERSION_ID			Label		PDS version identifier.	Fixed
LABEL_REVISION_NOTE			String		PDS label set version.	Fixed
RECORD_TYPE			Label		PDS System Label. For ASCII data files, this will be STREAM. For PDS data, this will be FIXED_LENGTH.	Data producer
FILE_NAME			String		Original filename.	Source file
PRODUCT_ID			String		Internal name of the data file.	Data producer
DATA_SET_ID			String		ID of the PDS dataset to which the data product belongs.	Data producer
INSTRUMENT_HOST_NAME			String		Name of the spacecraft hosting the instrument.	Fixed
PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME			Time	UTC	Time when the data product was generated in UTC.	Data producer
START_VALID_PERIOD	ROSETTA		Time	UTC	Start of the mission period to which the data can be applied.	Data producer
START_VALID_PERIOD_SCLK	ROSETTA		SCLK	S/C clock count	Start of the mission period to which the data can be applied, in S/C seconds.	Data producer
END_VALID_PERIOD	ROSETTA		Time	UTC	End of the mission period to which the data can be applied.	Data producer
END_VALID_PERIOD_SCLK	ROSETTA		SCLK	S/C clock count	End of the mission period to which the data can be applied, in S/C seconds.	Data producer



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6.2 Optional Labels

These labels are optional, in that they are not applicable to all ancillary data products.

Label	Group	Namespace	Datatype	Unit	Description	Source
DESCRIPTION			String		Text description of the data product.	Data producer
DATA_VERSION_ID		ROSETTA	String		The version of the data, specified as the unique document number and issue, which describes the acquisition of the data.	Data producer
INSTRUMENT_ID			String		Name of the instrument (OSINAC or OSIWAC)	TM
^OBJECT_NAME			Pointer		Pointer to filename for detached label.	Data producer

6.3 Pointer to File

One or more object pointers are following the standard PDS header, which come in the format:

```
^OBJECT NAME = "Filename"
```

where OBJECT_NAME is a short reference name referred to in the OBJECT definition(s), which follow the pointer definition(s). An OBJECT is then defined in the following manner:

```
OBJECT = OBJECT_NAME
INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = <INTERCHANGE_FORMAT>
DOCUMENT_FORMAT = <DOCUMENT_FORMAT>
DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = <DATA PRODUCT DESCRIPTION>
DOCUMENT_NAME = <DOCUMENT_NAME>
PUBLICATION_DATE = <PUBLICATION_DATE>
END_OBJECT = OBJECT_NAME
```



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Value	Description
INTERCHANGE_FORMAT	This is the data format of the file. In the case of PDF documents, or PDS images, this will be BINARY. For text files, this will be ASCII.
DOCUMENT_FORMAT	This is the format of the document itself. For example, for a PDF document, this will be PDF, and for a text file, it will be TEXT.
DATA PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	This should contain a description of the data contained within the file.
DOCUMENT_NAME	This should contain the name of the document.
PUBLICATION_DATE	This will be present for data which has been published, for example in the case of a scientific publication.

6.4 Example

Attached PDS label of the file NAC_FM_ABSCAL_V02.TXT found in the directory ./CALIB/ABSCAL

PDS VERSION ID = PDS3

LABEL_REVISION_NOTE = "2021-11-19 CG: abs-cal factors based on

full mission data"

/* FILE CHARACTERISTICS */

RECORD TYPE = STREAM

FILE NAME = "NAC FM ABSCAL V02.TXT"

DESCRIPTION = "Absolute calibration scaling parameters for various filter combination for the NAC

FM camera. The data is stored in the

following formats:

ABS_CAL_<filter> : [(DN/s)/(W/m^2/nm/sr)]

for <filter>

ABS CER <filter> : Error in

 $[(DN/s)/(W/m^2/nm/sr)]$

ABS_RWL_<filter> : The the reference

(central) wavelength in

[nm]

 $\verb|ABS_SFX_<|filter>|: The Solar flux @$



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reference wavelength @ 1 AU from the Sun in [W/m^2/nm]

General information about the calibration can be found in OSIRIS_CAL_PIPELINE_V??.PDF and about the data in RADIOMETRIC_CALIB_V??.PDF (latest version)."

```
/* IMAGE IDENTIFICATION */
PRODUCT ID
                                = "NAC FM ABSCAL"
ROSETTA: DATA VERSION ID
                                = "RO-RIS-MPAE-TN-074 2/a"
DATA SET ID
                                = "RO-C-OSINAC-2-PRL-67PCHURYUMOV-M01-V3.0"
/* MISSION IDENTIFICATION */
INSTRUMENT_HOST_NAME
                           = "ROSETTA-ORBITER"
/* TIME IDENTIFICATION */
PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME = 2021-11-19
ROSETTA:START VALID PERIOD = 2004-03-02T01:00:00
ROSETTA:START_VALID_PERIOD_SCLK = "1/0036809986.59225"
ROSETTA:END_VALID_PERIOD = 2016-09-30T23:00:00
ROSETTA:END_VALID_PERIOD_SCLK = "1/0433897110.29268"
OBJECT = NAC FM ABSCAL DOCUMENT
  INTERCHANGE FORMAT = ASCII
  DOCUMENT FORMAT = TEXT
  DOCUMENT TOPIC TYPE = "SENSOR CALIBRATION"
```



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DOCUMENT_NAME = "NAC_FM_ABSCAL_V02.TXT"

PUBLICATION_DATE = 2021-11-19

END_OBJECT = NAC_FM_ABSCAL_DOCUMENT

END