

**Attendees:**

Doug Griffin RAL (Chair)  
Horst Faas EADS  
Bernhard Kettner (OBA cognizant).  
John Coker MSSL  
Berend Winter MSSL

**Attachments:**

Preliminary Astrium Analysis of impact on S/C interfaces  
Extract from HP-2-ASED-IC-0007\_3\_OBA\_Interface\_Document (pages 31-32)

**Agenda Items**

- Discussion of interference between SPIRE Level-0 Strap design and OBA (pages 3-7 of this document)
- Discussion of new evaporator open-cryostat pod (pages 8,9 of this document)

**1. Cooler evaporator bottom flexible link**

- there is a near clash with the instrument shield
- MSSL baseline is to rotate the flexible 90°
- The flexible will be routed first from the open pod and then to the closed pod
  - This could provide poor performance on the ground if the helium does not fill the strut, but will provide good performance in flight

**2. Clash between boil off strap and instrument**

- EADS to fix this problem

**3. Detector box strap**

- At the bottom, there is a clash between the strut and the flexible. MSSL to investigate rotating the flexible strap (90° or 180° ?)
- There is a clash between the top of the strap and the vent line. In particular, the instrument will have to be integrated onto the OBA without the Level-0 straps.
  - There is no scope for moving the vent line. It is effectively welded to the OBA

The baselined solution is twofold:

- (1) Make the electrical isolation joint lower profiled so that there is clearance between the strap and the boil off pipe.
- (2) Baseline that the straps are integrated onto the instrument after the FPU is integrated onto the OBA.

**4. Strap temperature sensors**

- EADS to provide both the sensor and the clamp plate

- There is some doubt as to whether the sensors can be integrated along with their harnesses onto the straps.

**5. Extra Level-0 S/C interface with open pod**

- Baseline is that both the open and the closed evaporator pods will be connected together.
- This link could be rigid, but MSSL are baselining that the instrument flexible link be made longer and connect both interfaces together on the instrument side.

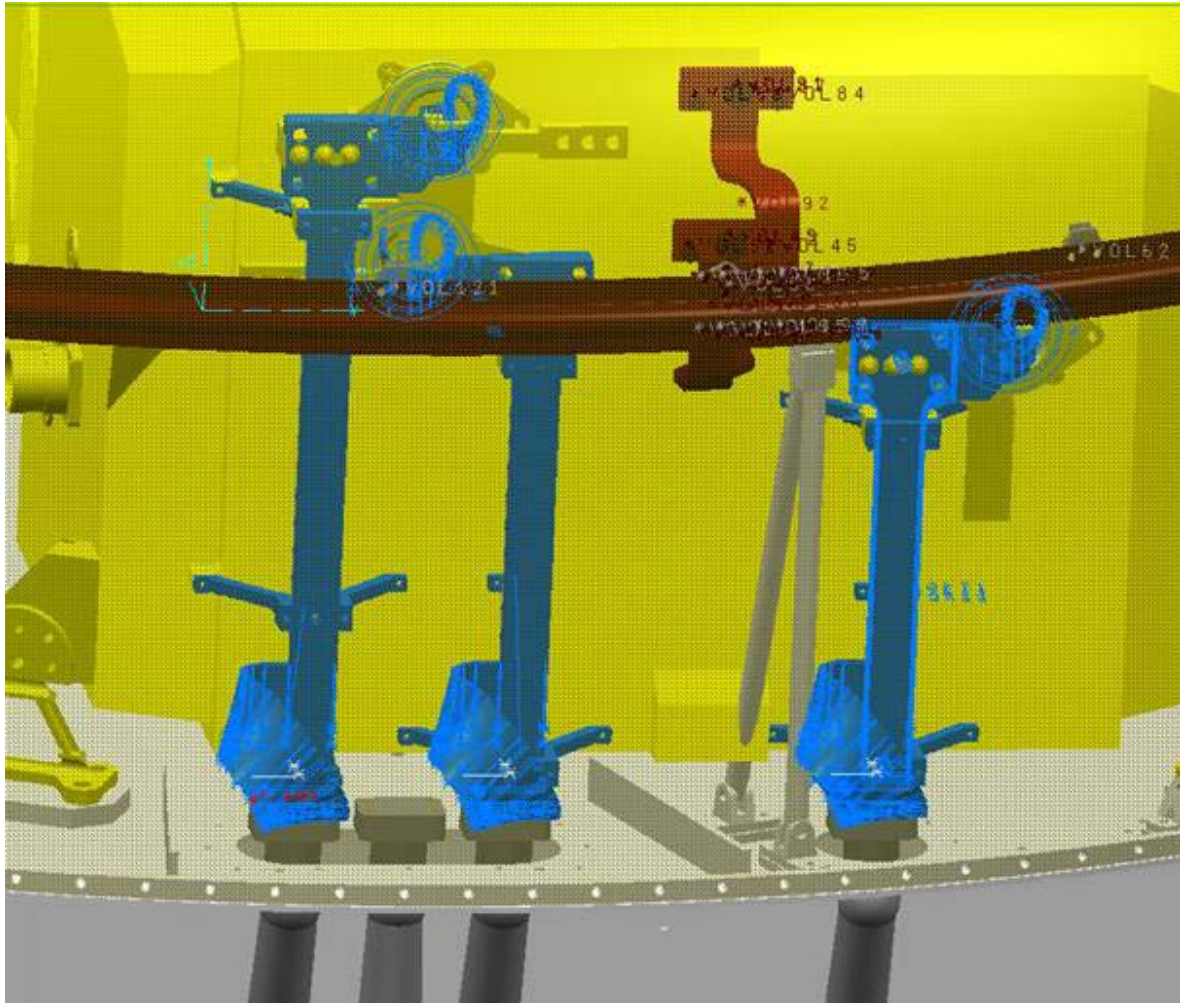
**Action Items**

<b>What</b>	<b>Who</b>
Send MSSL latest ICD drawing for the Level-0 interfaces	EADS
Send MSSL latest STEP files for: (i) The Optical Bench Plate, (ii) instrument shield (iii) vent line and supports, (iv) HTT Pods	EADS

## SPIRE L0 Thermal Strap Preliminary Astrium Analysis of impact on S/C interfaces

Simplified SPIRE FPU with updated L0 straps (in blue).

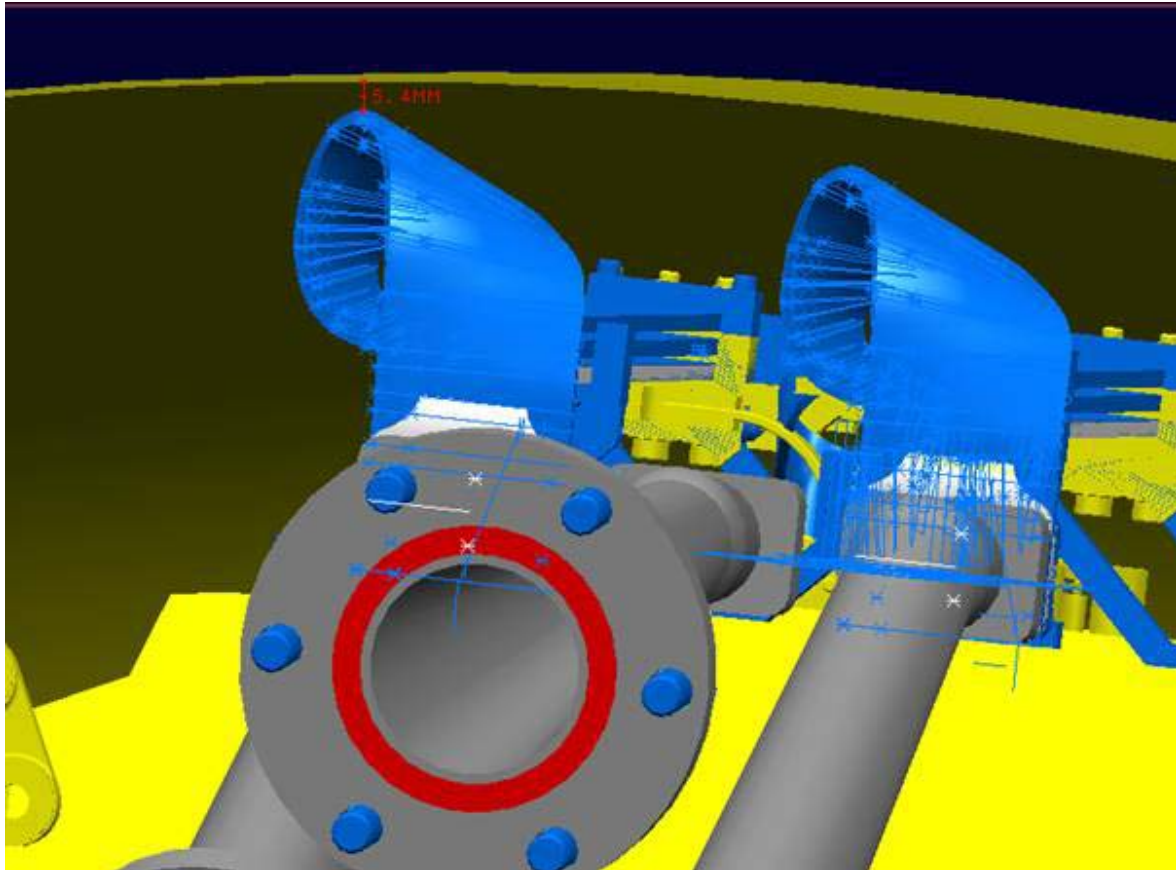
Configuration shown with Sener ventline and new additional open tank pod.



Note: Please ignore the ventline support hardware conflict with FPU structure (to be clarified by Astrium)

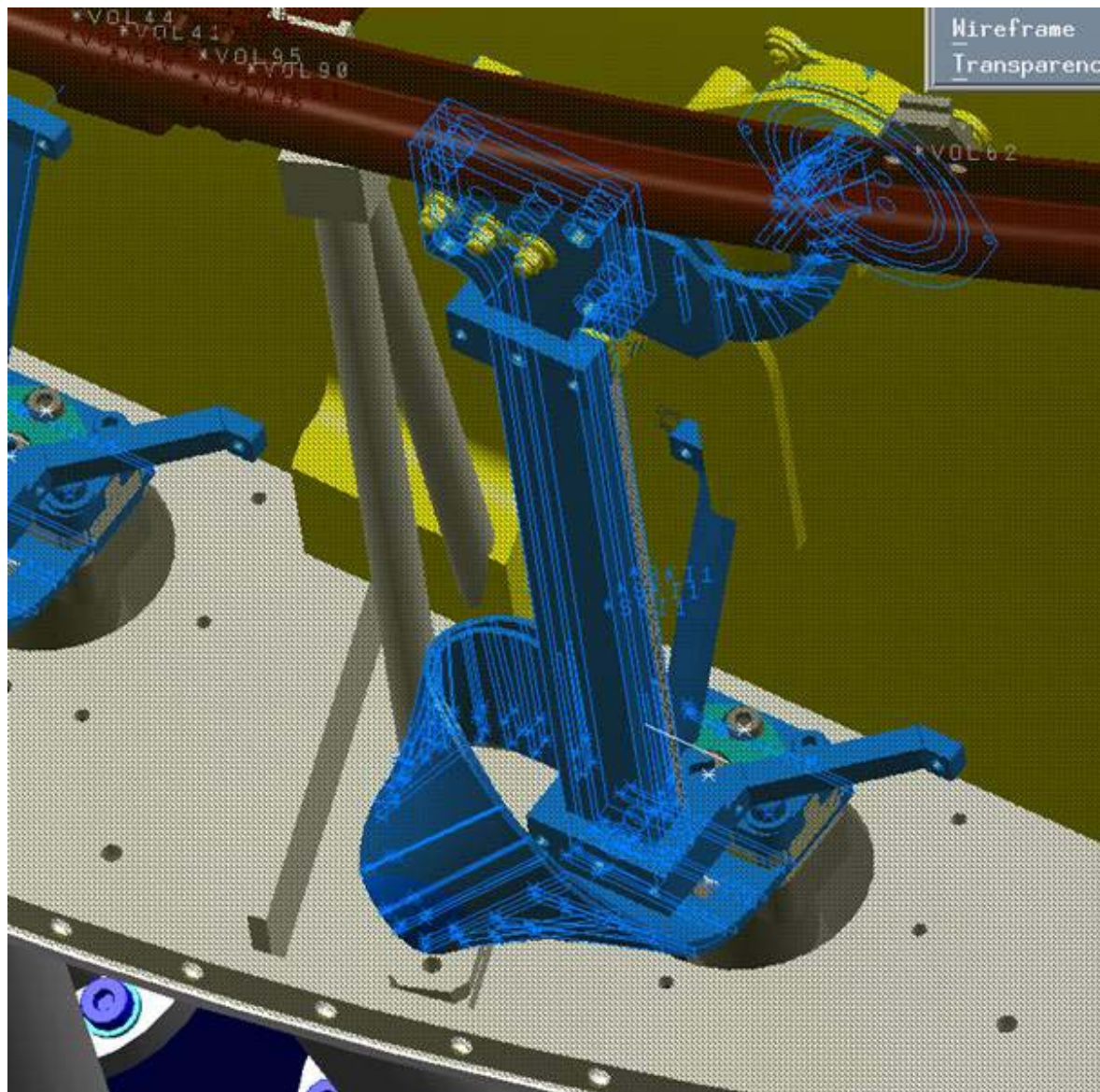
View of Evaporator and Pump L0 thermal strap (view from -x)

Minimum distance of Evaporator flexible thermal strap to OBA Instrument shield only 5.4 mm.



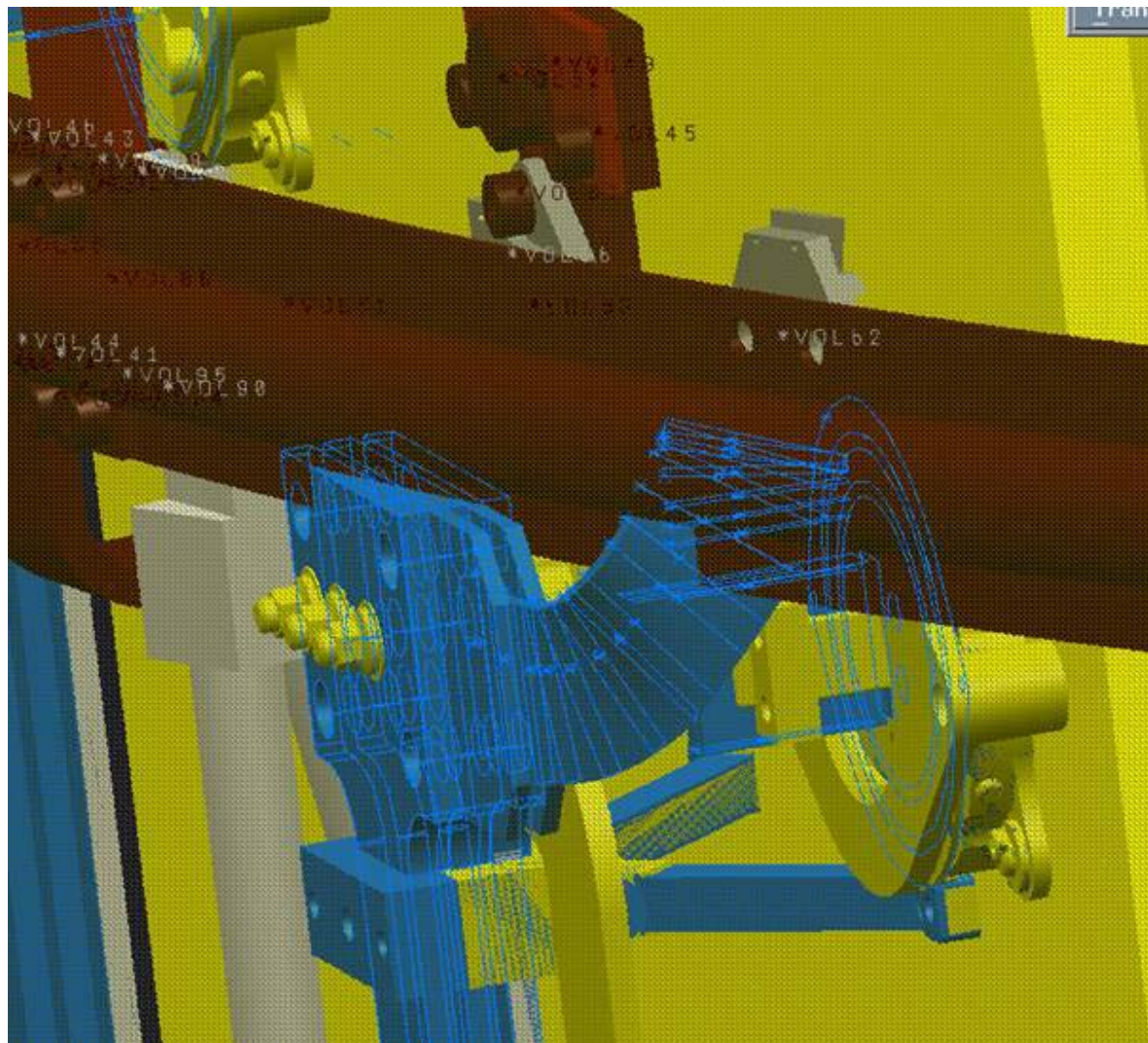


View of SPIRE Detector thermal strap:



View of SPIRE Detector thermal strap:

Conflict with ventline

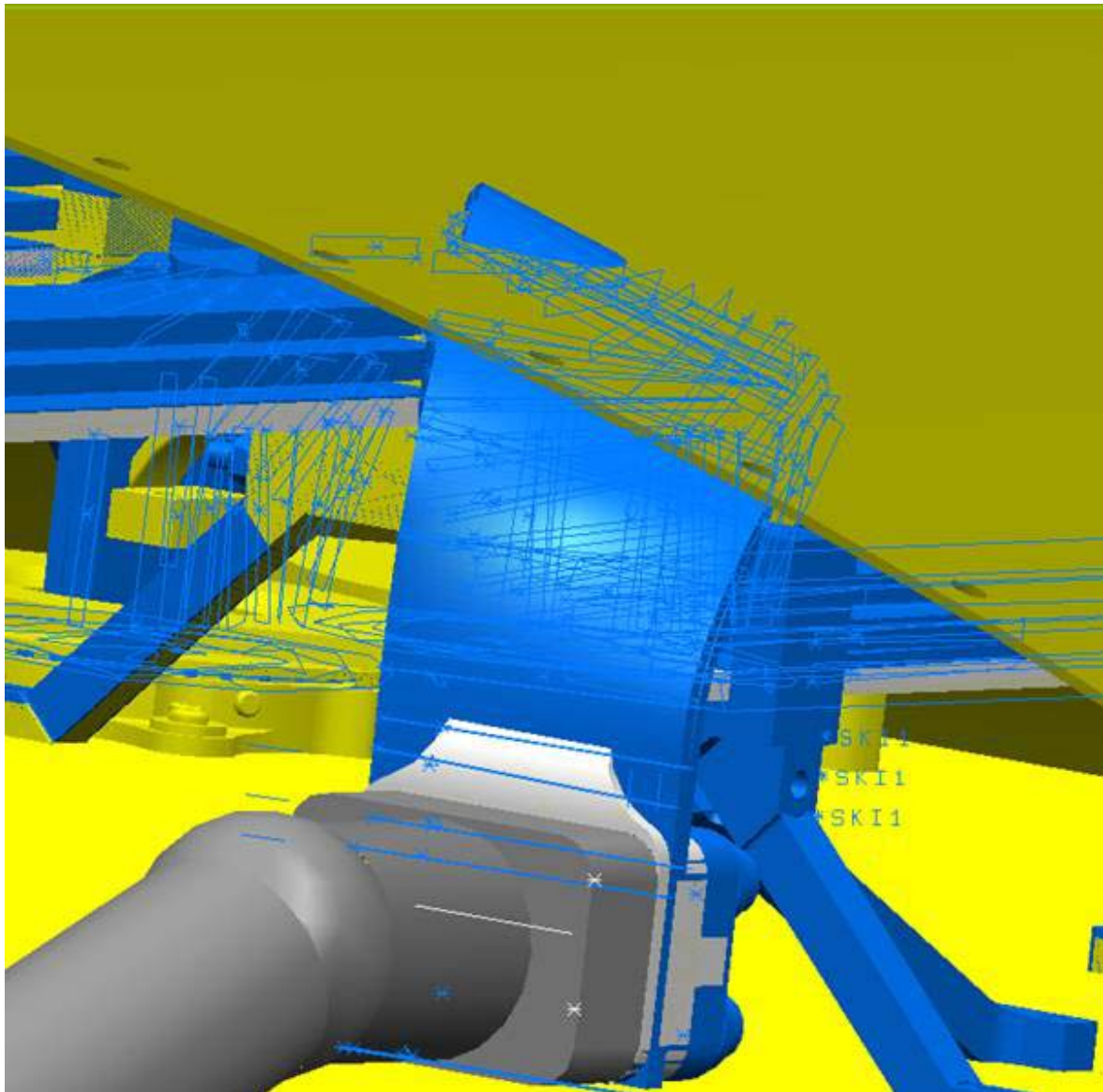




View of SPIRE Detector thermal strap (view from -x):

### Conflict with OBA Instrument Shield

For the detector, the flexible part of the Spire flexlink could be routed on the opposite side (+Y-side instead of -Y-side to avoid clash with the shield or the ventline supports.)



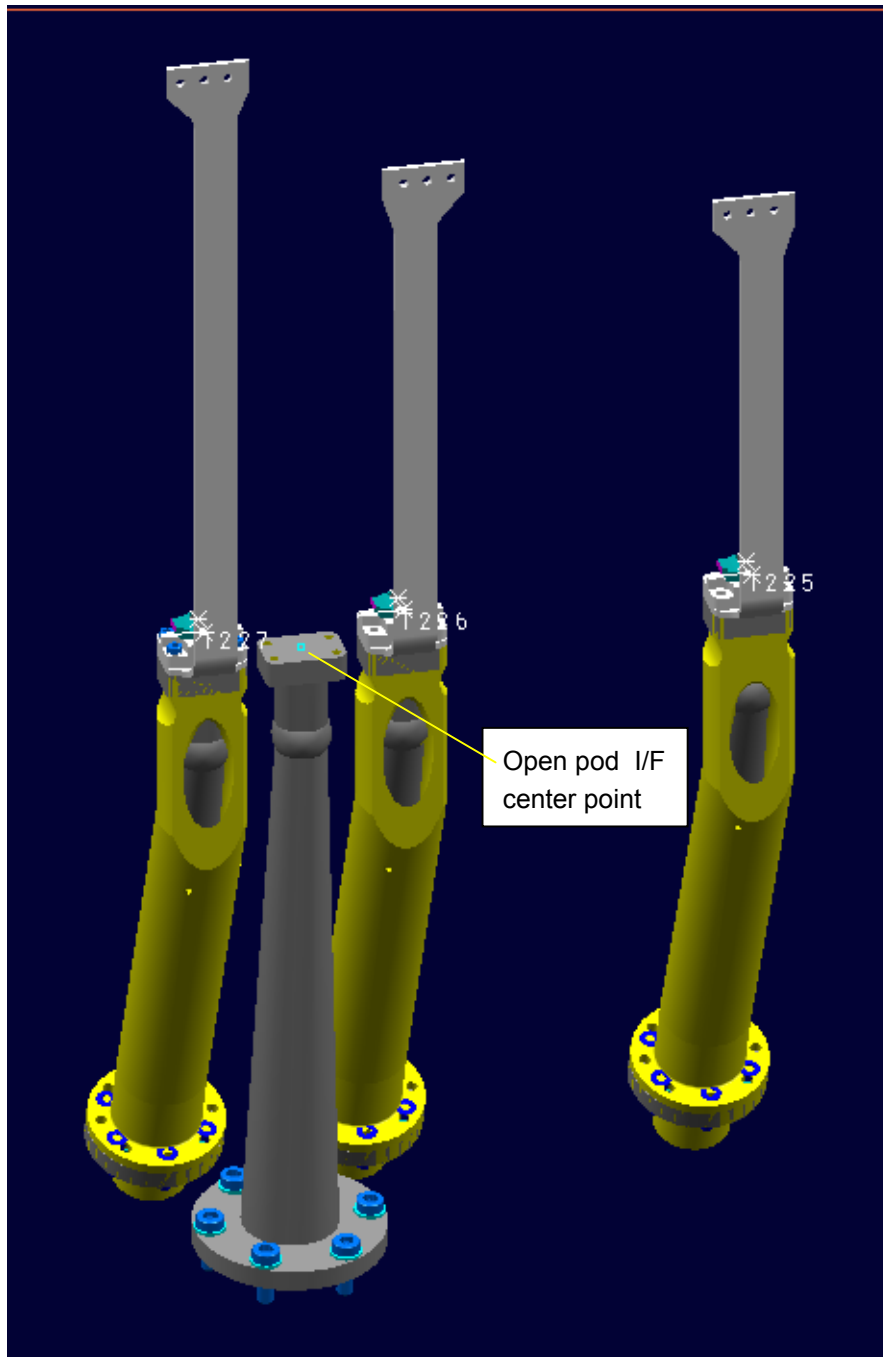


Figure 4.4.1-2: Additional open tank L0 Interface on HTT for SPIRE evaporator.  
Note: The I/F of the open pod to the SPIRE flexible link is at:  
X: 1980.5mm Y: -18.75mm Z: -730.786mm (center point).

The mechanical I/F (4xM4) is identical to the rigid pod design.



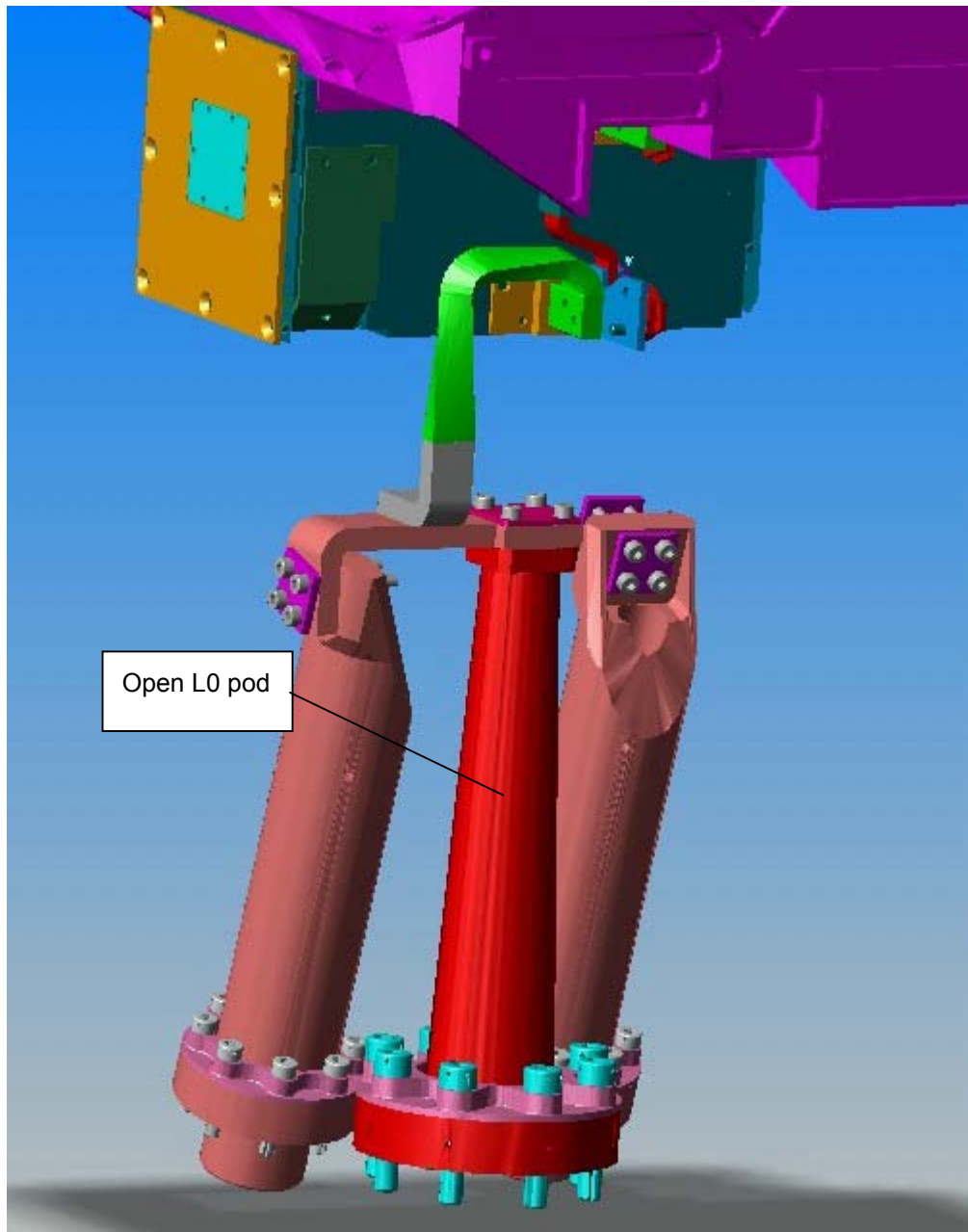


Figure 4.4.1-3: Additional open tank L0 pod for PACS evaporator with flexible link to FPU I/F.